



PERMIT TO ALLOW MINOR USE OF AN AGVET CHEMICAL PRODUCT

FOR CONTROL OF OLIVE LACE BUG ON OLIVE TREES

PERMIT NUMBER – PER81949

This permit is issued to the Permit Holder in response to an application granted by the APVMA under section 112 of the Agvet Codes of the jurisdictions set out below. This permit allows a person, as stipulated below, to use the product in the manner specified in this permit in the designated jurisdictions. This permit also allows any person to claim that the product can be used in the manner specified in this permit.

THIS PERMIT IS IN FORCE FROM 20 MAY 2016 to 30 NOVEMBER 2021

Permit Holder:

AUSTRALIAN OLIVE ASSOCIATION LTD
c/- HORTICULTURE INNOVATION AUSTRALIA LTD
Suite 2, Level 5, 87 Wickham Terrace
BRISBANE QLD 4003

Persons who can use the product under this permit:

Persons generally

CONDITIONS OF USE

Product to be used:

SUMI-ALPHA FLEX INSECTICIDE
PLUS OTHER REGISTERED PRODUCTS

Containing: 50 g/L ESFENVALERATE as their only active constituent.

Directions for Use:

Crop Type	Insect Pest	Rate
OLIVES	Olive lace bug (<i>Froggattia olivinia</i>)	30 mL product / 100 L

Critical Use Comments:

- Monitor tree foliage closely and apply at first sign of infestation and whilst still in the nymphal stage. Refer *Pest monitoring and application timing*.
- DO NOT apply more than four (4) applications per season to trees that are of a fruit bearing age, with the final application no later than 14 days before harvest
- Apply by calibrated ground airblast sprayer or similar equipment, using a spray volume of 1,200 L water/ha.
- Add *Nufarm Chemwet 1000* at 100 mL product/ 100 L spray.

Withholding Period:

Harvest: DO NOT harvest for 14 DAYS after application.

Grazing: DO NOT graze or cut treated area for stock feed.

Jurisdiction:

ALL STATES, except VIC

Note: Victoria is not included in this permit, as their *Control-of-Use* legislation means a permit is not required to legalise this off-label use in that state.

Additional Conditions:

This PERMIT provides for the use of a product in a manner other than specified on the approved label of the product. Unless otherwise stated in this permit, the use of the product must be in accordance with instructions on its label.

PERSONS who wish to prepare for use and/or use products for the purposes specified in this permit must read, or have read to them, the DETAILS and CONDITIONS of this permit.

Pest monitoring and application timing

Spring is the most effective time to control olive lace bug. Hatching, however, can continue up to March and April. As eggs cannot be seen, monitor trees carefully to observe the first nymphal instars. These should be evident early September in the northern areas of Australia to early October in the southern areas. For maximum impact, apply just before the oldest nymphs develop wings - approximately 10 days after hatching. Subsequent sprays may be necessary to eradicate further generations of nymphs that emerge from the leaf tissue. Up to four (4) applications can be made at 14 day intervals, provided harvest does not occur before the expiry of the withholding period.

Export of esfenvalerate treated produce

To allow produce from esfenvalerate treated crops to be supplied or otherwise made available for consumption the APVMA has established the following Temporary Maximum Residue Limits (TMRLs):

<u>Esfenvalerate</u>	<u>mg/kg</u>
OLIVES	T1
OLIVE OIL, Refined	T7

These limits only apply to produce marketed and consumed within Australia. If esfenvalerate treated produce is to be exported, due account should be taken into tolerance limits of importing countries and any residues must not exceed those tolerance limits.

Issued by the Australian Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Authority